Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of operating a computer system for evaluating a programming language statement that includes a first and a second sub-statement, the method comprising the steps of:

evaluating the first sub-statement and determining an evaluation success result if the evaluation succeeds or a distinguished value if evaluation fails; said distinguished value being a value not included in the range of possible evaluation success results of the first sub-statement;

determining whether the second sub-statement is to be evaluated, and if so, evaluating the second sub-statement and determining an evaluation success result if evaluation succeeds or said distinguished value if evaluation fails; a range of possible evaluation success results of the second sub-statement not including said distinguished value; and

determining an evaluation result of the statement depending on at least whether evaluation of the first sub-statement succeeds or fails;

wherein the evaluation success result of the first sub-statement and the evaluation success result of the second sub-statement belong to a first type in a set of types and the distinguished value belongs to a second type not in the set of types.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sub-statement is evaluated if evaluation of the first sub-statement did not fail, and the evaluation result of the statement is determined to be the evaluation success result of the second sub-statement if evaluation of the first and the second sub-statements succeeds, and wherein the evaluation result of the statement is said distinguished value if evaluation of at least one of the first and second sub-statements fails.

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- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sub-statement is evaluated if evaluation of the first sub-statement fails, and wherein the evaluation result of the statement is the evaluation success result of the first sub-statement if evaluation of the first sub-statement succeeds; the evaluation result of the statement is the evaluation success result of the second sub-statement if evaluation of the first sub-statement fails but evaluation of the second sub-statement succeeds; and the evaluation result of the statement is said distinguished value if evaluation of both the first and the second sub-statements fails.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sub-statement is evaluated concurrently with the evaluation of the first sub-statement, and the evaluation result of the statement is said distinguished value if evaluation of at least one of the first and second substatements fails.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sub-statement is evaluated concurrently with the evaluation of the first sub-statement, and the evaluation result of the statement is said distinguished value only if evaluation of both the first and the second substatements fails.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sub-statement is evaluated independently on whether evaluation of the first sub-statement succeeds, and the evaluation result of the statement is said distinguished value if evaluation of at least one of the first and second sub-statements fails.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the second sub-statement is evaluated independently on whether evaluation of the first sub-statement succeeds, and the evaluation result of the statement is said distinguished value if evaluation of both the first and second sub-statements fails.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first and second substatements includes a closure loop statement having an operand indicating that evaluation of

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the respective sub-statement does not stop before said operand evaluates to said distinguished value.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first or second substatements includes a rule statement having a first argument and a second argument, the evaluation of the first argument triggering the evaluation of the second argument.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first or second substatements includes an ordered action system.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first or second substatements includes an unordered action system.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein one of the first and second substatements is a declarative statement and the other one of the first and second sub-statements is an imperative statement.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second sub-statements are typed according to a hierarchy of types.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said hierarchy of types includes at least one minimal type.
- 15. (Currently Amended) An article of manufacture for use in a computer system comprising:

a memory;

instructions stored in the memory for operating a method for evaluating a programming language statement that includes a first and a second sub-statement, the method comprising the steps of:

evaluating the first sub-statement and determining an evaluation success result if the evaluation succeeds or a distinguished value if evaluation fails; said distinguished value being

a value not included in the range of possible evaluation success results of the first substatement;

determining whether the second sub-statement is to be evaluated, and if so, evaluating the second sub-statement and determining an evaluation success result if evaluation succeeds or said distinguished value if evaluation fails; a range of possible evaluation success results of the second sub-statement not including said distinguished value; and

determining an evaluation result of the statement depending on at least whether evaluation of the first sub-statement succeeds or fails;

wherein the evaluation success result of the first sub-statement and the evaluation success result of the second sub-statement belong to a first type in a set of types and the distinguished value belongs to a second type not in the set of types.

16. (Currently Amended) A system for evaluating a programming language statement and determining an evaluation result of said statement; comprising:

a memory for storing the statement that includes a first and a second sub-statement, a processor for determining the evaluation result of the statement; the evaluation result of the statement depending on whether evaluation of the first and second sub-statements succeeds or fails; the processor being capable of evaluating the first sub-statement and determining an evaluation success result if evaluation succeeds, or a distinguished value if evaluation fails; the processor being capable of evaluating the second sub-statement and determining an evaluation success result if evaluation succeeds, or said distinguished value if evaluation fails; the evaluation success result of the first sub-statement and the evaluation success result of the second sub-statement belong to a first type in a set of types and the said-distinguished value being a value not included in the range of possible evaluation success results belongs to a second type not in the set of types.

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- 17. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein each type in the set of types is not a subtype of the second type.
- 18. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the first type in the set of types comprises one from the set of integer, float, Boolean, sequence, tuple, structure, multi-set, dictionary, string and enumeration.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein evaluation of at least one of the first substatement and the second sub-statement comprises a pattern matching operation.